





Burlington County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan 2024 Update

Planning Partnership Risk Assessment Meeting

October 30, 2023

While waiting for the meeting to start, please enter your information on the Sign-In Sheet.



Today's Agenda

- 1. Welcome and Introductions
- 2. Project Status
- 3. Risk Assessment Overview
- 4. Hazard Ranking
- 5. SW00
- 6. Questions/Wrap Up





Project Status

Schedule





Planning Process

Risk Assessment

Public Involvement **Strategy**

Mitigation Strategy

Plan Maintenance **Plan Update** and **Deliverables**

Plan Adoption

Project Management and Coordination

Kick-Off Meetings - August 2023

Identify Actions –

- September-November 2023
- Goals and finalize hazards August 2023
- Risk Assessment October 2023

Draft to NJOEM by February 2024

• Draft by January 2024

Draft to FEMA by March 2024

Finalize by end of 2023





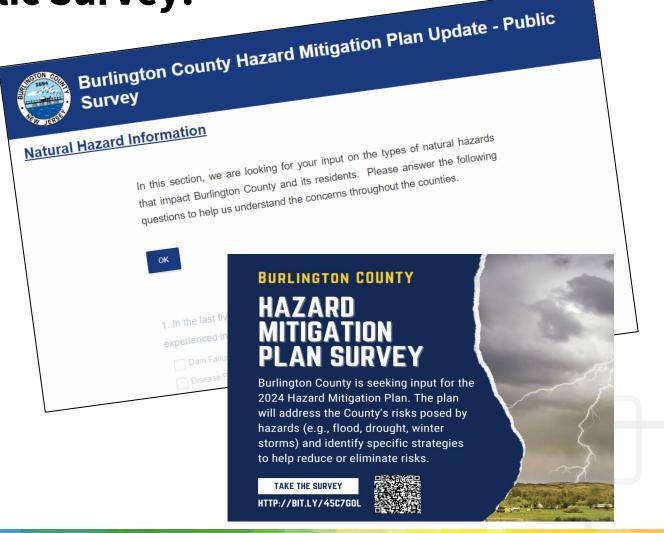
• To date, we have received Letters of Intent to Participate (LOIP) from all but seven municipalities.

Status (10/20/2023)		Status (10/20/2023)		Status (10/20/2023)		Status (10/20/2023)	
Municipality	LOIP Received?	Municipality	LOIP Received?	Municipality	LOIP Received?	Municipality	LOIP Received?
Bass River (Twp)		Eastampton (Twp)	X	Medford Lakes (B)	Χ	Riverton (B)	Χ
Beverly (C)	Х	Edgewater Park (Twp)	X	Moorestown (Twp)	X	Shamong (Twp)	X
Bordentown (C)	Χ	Evesham (Twp)	X	Mt. Holly (Twp)	Χ	Southampton (Twp)	Χ
Bordentown (Twp)	X	Fieldsboro (B)		Mt. Laurel (Twp)	X	Springfield (Twp)	X
Burlington (C)	Χ	Florence (Twp)	Χ	New Hanover (Twp)	Χ	Tabernacle (Twp)	Χ
Burlington (Twp)	X	Hainesport (Twp)	X	North Hanover (Twp)	X	Washington (Twp)	X
Chesterfield (Twp)	Χ	Lumberton (Twp)	X	Palmyra (B)	Χ	Westampton (Twp)	
Cinnaminson (Twp)	X	Mansfield (Twp)	X	Pemberton (B)	X	Willingboro (Twp)	
Delanco (Twp)	Χ	Maple Shade (Twp)		Pemberton (Twp)	Χ	Woodland (Twp)	
Delran (Twp)		Medford (Twp)	X	Riverside (Twp)	X	Wrightstown (B)	X

Public Outreach and Engagement

ACTION! Distribute the Public Survey!

- Post links on social media and department/agency websites
- Stakeholder and neighboring municipalities surveys have been distributed
- Make efforts to reach out to:
 - General Public
 - Stakeholders
 - Neighbors
 - Socially Vulnerable Populations







Risk Assessment Overview

What is Risk?



Risk is defined as a function of:

- Hazard
 - Source of potential danger or adverse condition
- Exposure
 - Manmade or natural features that are exposed to the hazard
- Vulnerability
 - Damage susceptibility of the exposed features
- Adaptive Capacity (or capability)
 - Plans/policies
 - Response/recovery
 - Financial resources

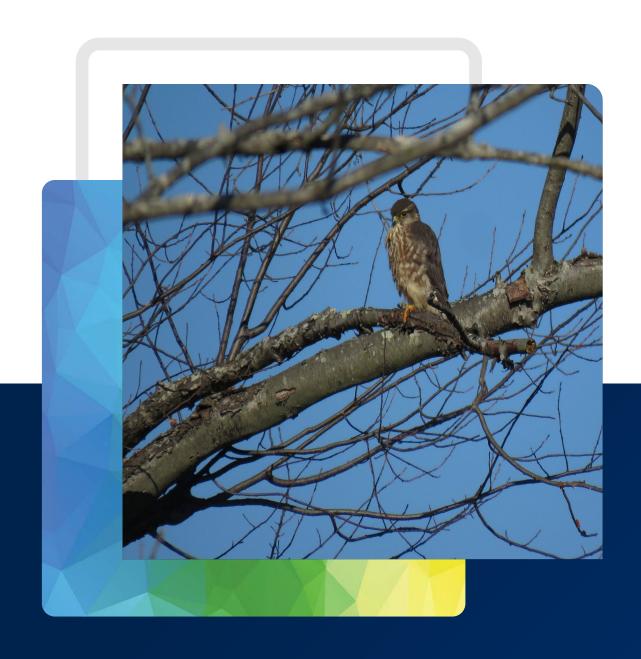


Purpose of Risk Assessment



- To get a better understanding of the risks you face
- Initial results based on available data
- Quantitative data (population/structures exposed, structural damages within hazard zones) used when available
- Qualitative community input (such as unmapped flood areas) integrated to adjust results
- Local community input to adjust relative rankings





Preliminary Risk Assessment Results

Dam Failure 🕰

Dam failures in Burlington County are a low-probability and high-consequence event. A dam failure can have devastating impacts on the County. While most dams have storage volumes small enough that failures would have little or no consequences, dams with large storage amounts could cause significant flooding downstream.

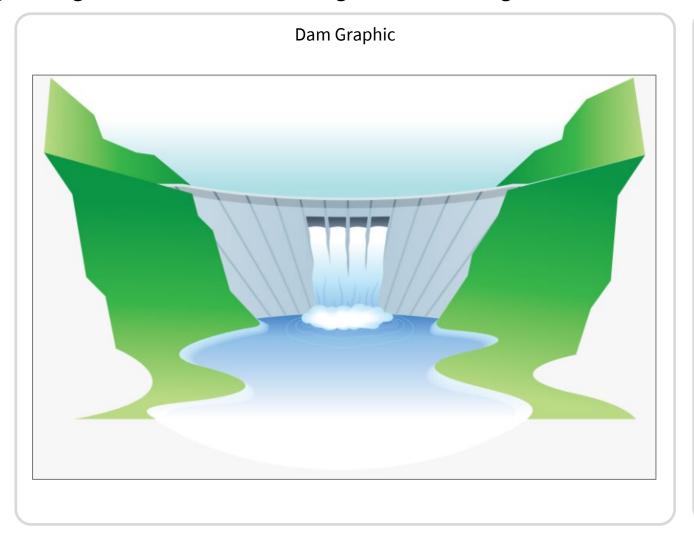
Number of Dams

74

- 10 High Hazard
- 40 Significant Hazard
- 24 Low Hazard

Impacts

- Dam failure can cut evacuation routes, limit emergency access, and/or create isolation issues.
- Severe flooding that follows a dam failure can cause extensive structural damage and withhold essential services.
- The environmental impacts of a dam failure can include significant water-quality and debris-disposal issues or severe erosion that can impact local ecosystems.



Notable Occurrence



On July 12-13, 2004, the
Townships of Lumberton and
Medford experienced major
flooding due to heavy rainfall.
Property damage from the
flood was estimated at \$50
million. The flooding led to the
evacuation of about 760
residents, the complete
destruction of seven homes,
major flood damage to
approximately 200 homes,
flood damage to
approximately 1,000 homes,
the closing of 25 major roads.

Disease Outbreak



Disease outbreaks can impact the entirety of Burlington County. Emerging diseases are difficult to contain or treat and present significant challenges to risk communication since the mechanics of transmission, laboratory identification, and effective treatment protocols may be unknown.

Population Exposed

461,860

(100%)

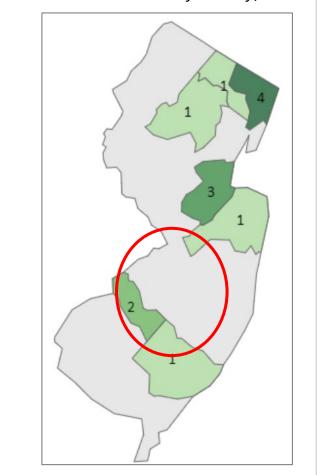
The entire County is susceptible

Notable Occurrences

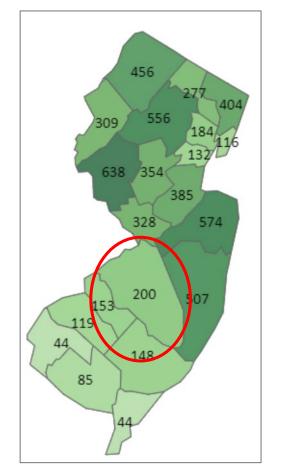


- In 2019, there were 236 confirmed cases of Lyme Disease.
- In 2020, there were 847 confirmed cases of Influenza.
- Since 2020, Burlington County reported 117,710 positive cases of COVID-19 and 681 deaths.

West Nile Virus Cases by County, 2023



Lyme Disease Cases by County, 2023



Hazard Types

- Influenza
- West Nile Virus
- Lyme Disease
- Coronavirus



Droughts can affect Burlington County's industries and make day to day tasks more difficult to complete when water usage must be monitored.

Population Exposed

461,860

(100%)

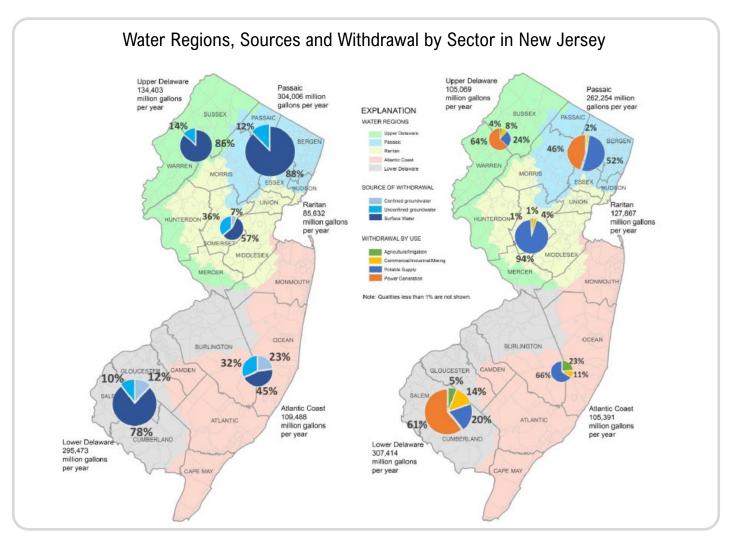
The entire County is susceptible

USDA Declarations

3

• 3 Drought declarations

Climate Change Impacts
It is anticipated that droughts
lasting 3 to 6 months and longer
may slightly increase in frequency
under a low emissions scenario
and will significantly increase
under a high emissions scenario.





Earthquake



Earthquakes in Burlington County are a low-probability and high-consequence event. An earthquake can have devastating impacts on the County. Ground shaking can lead to the collapse of buildings and bridges and disrupt gas lines, electricity, and phone service.

Population Exposed

461,860

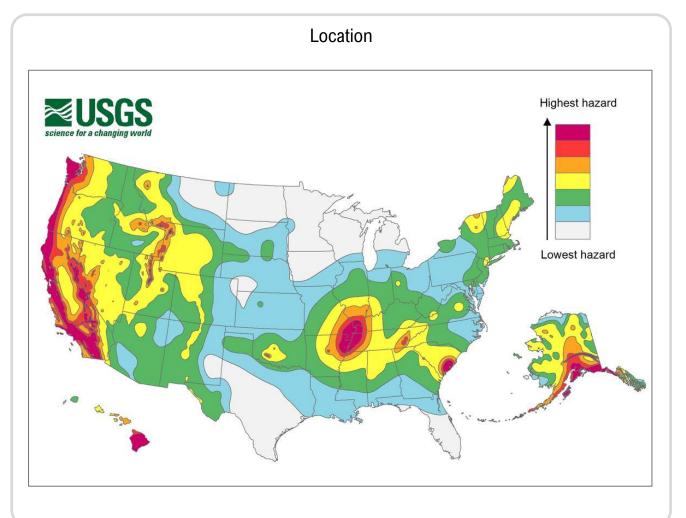
(100%)

The entire County is susceptible

Notable Occurrences



Small earthquakes may occur several times a year and generally do not cause significant damage. The strongest earthquake with an epicenter in Burlington County was a 3.0 quake in Medford Lakes in 1980.



Hazard Types

- Surface Faulting
- Ground Motion
- Liquefaction
- Tectonic Deformation
- Seiche

Extreme Temperatures

Extreme temperature includes both heat and cold events, which affects the entire County including, human health and commercial/agricultural businesses. Extreme temperature events can have primary and secondary effects on infrastructure.

Population Exposed

461,860

(100%)

The entire County is susceptible

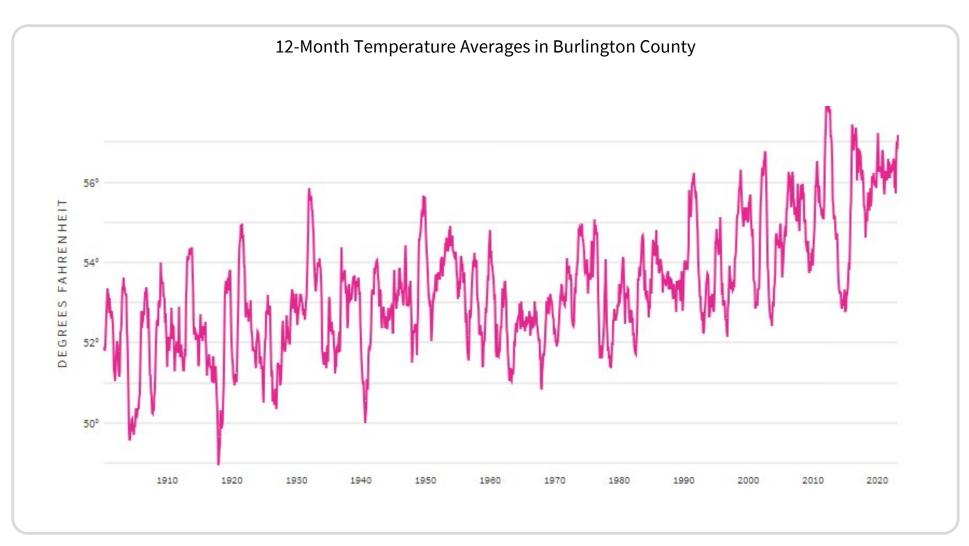
USDA Declarations

2

• 2 Excessive Heat declarations

Climate Change Impacts

New Jersey has experienced a 3.5° F (1.9° C) increase in the State's average temperature. By 2050, temperatures in New Jersey are expected to increase by 4.1 to 5.7° F.





Foods are one of the most frequent and costly natural hazards in Burlington County in terms of human hardship and economic loss, particularly to communities that lie within flood prone areas or floodplains.

Population Exposed

14,583

(3.2%)

In 1% Annual Chance Flood Area

25,026

(5.4%)

In 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Area

Number of Buildings Exposed

5,163

In 1% Annual Chance Flood Area

8,739

In 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Area



Flood Building Replacement Cost Value

\$9,333,016,825

In 1% Annual Chance Flood Area

\$14,060,945,896

In 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Area

Land Exposed to Flood Hazard



72,903

(14.6%)

Sea Level Rise Impacts

1-Foot Hazard Area 3-Foot Hazard Area

- 225 Persons Located in Hazard Area
- 90 Buildings Located in Hazard Area
- 677 Persons Located in Hazard Area
- 272 Buildings Located in Hazard Area

Hazard Types



Riverine / Inland



Flash Flood



Urban / Stormwater



Coastal



Ice Jam



Erosion



Sea Level Rise

Severe Weather



Severe weather can occur anywhere in the County at any time and have the potential to be life-threatening. It is critical for the community to prepare and be aware of forecasts in their local jurisdictions.

Population Exposed

461,860

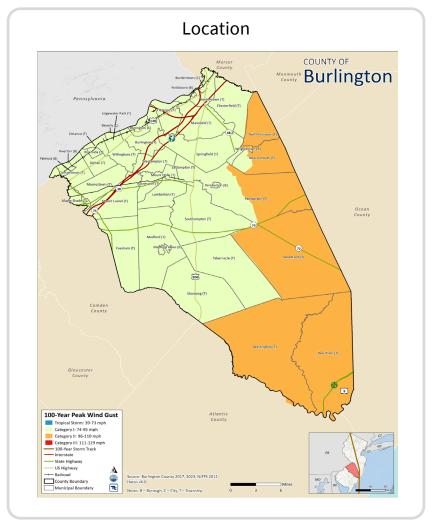
(100%)

The entire County is susceptible

Notable Occurrences



The remnants of Hurricane Ida resulted in widespread thunderstorms. An EF-1 tornado formed in Burlington Township, near Edgewater Park. Extensive tree damage was reported. Power outages occurred due to damages to powerlines.



Potential Impacts

- Essential Services
 Interruptions Power Outages
- Traffic Accidents
- Downed Trees
- Property Damage
- Personal Injury / Loss of Life

Climate Change Impacts

New Jersey has experienced a 3.5° F (1.9° C) increase in the State's average temperature. By 2050, temperatures in New Jersey are expected to increase by 4.1 to 5.7° F. Increases will be more conducive to increased frequency and intensity of severe storms (e.g., thunderstorms, tornados).

Hazard Types











Severe Winter Weather



Severe winter weather can occur anywhere in the County and have the potential to be life-threatening. It is critical for the community to prepare and be aware of forecasts in their local jurisdictions.

Population Exposed

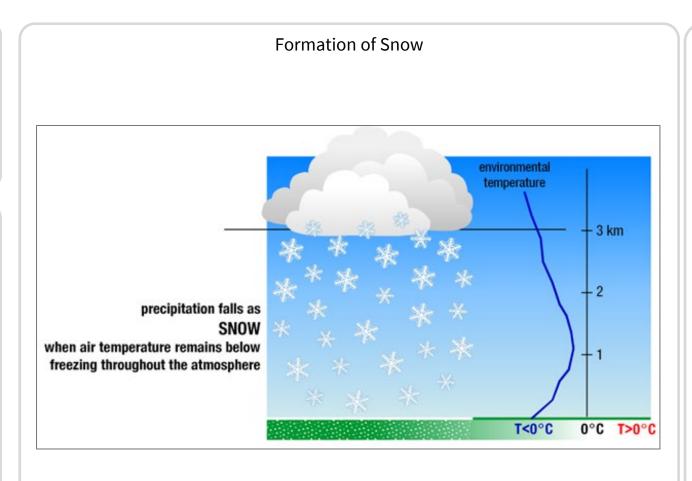
461,860

(100%)

The entire County is susceptible

Hazard Types

- Heavy Snow
- Blizzard
- Sleet
- Ice Storm
- Nor'easter



Notable Occurrences



The Blizzard of 1996 dropped roughly 30 inches of snow in parts of Burlington County on January 7, 1996. Property damage was in the millions and the storm resulted in one death.



Wildfire events in Burlington County typically occur toward the forested southeastern portions of the County in the Pinelands. Wildfires can have impacts on critical services, utilities, and properties, and may cause injury.

Population Exposed

6,406

(1.4%)
Of the County is susceptible

Building Replacement Cost Value

\$4,963,331,009

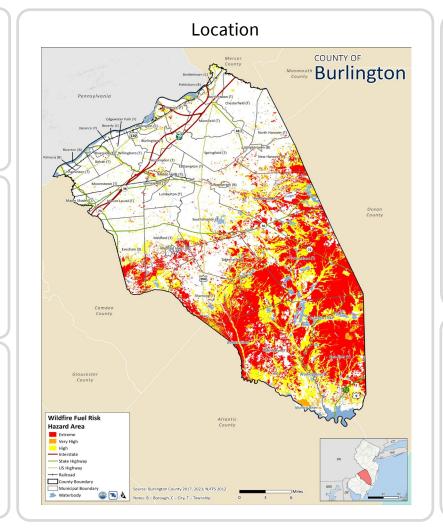
In Extreme, Very High, or High Wildfire Fuel Risk Hazard Area

Number of Buildings Exposed

2,140

(1.4%)

In Extreme, Very High, or High Wildfire Fuel Risk Hazard Area



Notable Occurrences



On June 19-21, 2022 a wildfire was detected in a remote section of the Wharton State Forest in Mullica Twp. Unseasonably dry, windy conditions, combined with difficulty in accessing the initial fire location, led to rapid fire spread. When the fire was fully contained an estimated 14,983 acres had burned. This made it the largest wildfire in New Jersey since 2007.

Climate Change Impacts

Burlington County can expect warmer and drier conditions which may increase the frequency and intensity of wildfires. Higher temperatures are expected to increase the amount of moisture that evaporates from land and water. These changes have the potential to lead to more frequent and severe droughts, which, in turn, increases the likelihood of wildfires.



Hazard Rankings

Review the calculated hazard rankings and provide your feedback.

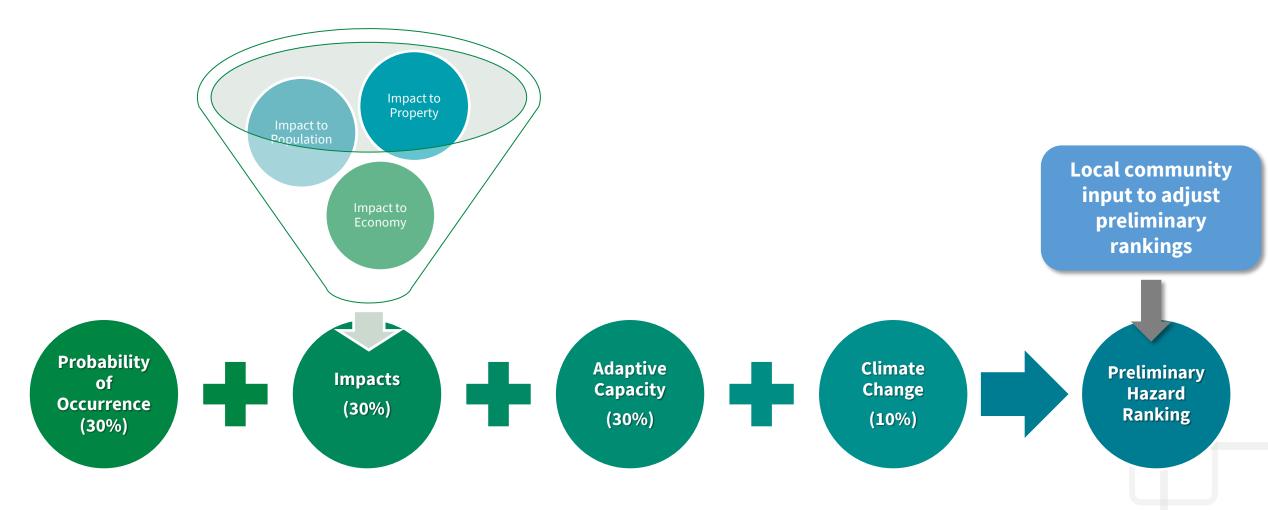
Preliminary Hazard Ranking Methodology



- The calculated probability of a hazard occurring based on historical data
- *Impacts to <u>people</u>*, <u>property</u>, and the <u>economy</u> based on GIS data and analysis of exposure.
- The degree to which <u>climate change</u> will affect future occurrences based on best available data.
- The degree to which existing <u>capabilities</u> (the ability of your community to respond to the hazard based on ordinances, mitigation strategies and procedures, and readiness) decrease overall risk.

Preliminary Hazard Ranking Formula







Risk Ranking



High

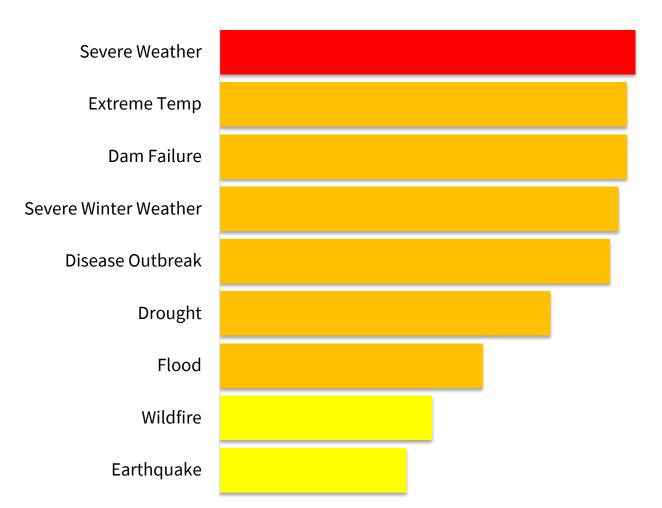
Severe Weather

Medium

- Extreme Temperature
- Dam Failure
- Severe Winter Weather
- Disease Outbreak
- Drought
- Flood

Low

- Wildfire
- Earthquake





STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OBSTACLES, AND OPPORTUNITIES (SWOO)

Fill out your SWOO worksheet to provide more information on capabilities, risks, and potential new actions

Strengths, Weaknesses, Obstacles, and Opportunities (SWOO)



- The purpose of the SWOO is to identify mitigation strategies and capabilities that will meet the goals and objectives for the Burlington County HMP. Look at the following for each hazard of concern:
 - Strengths what the County and communities do well; things upon which we can capitalize;
 - Weaknesses what can be done better; what can be strengthened;
 - Obstacles what stands in the way to implementation to prevent mitigation or response (for example regulatory, geographical, environmental, financial issues); and
 - Opportunities actions or projects to mitigate issues or improve resilience.



azard Mitigation Plan 2024 Update Burlington County, New Jersey Risk Assessment

STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OBSTACLES, AND OPPORTUNITIES (SWOO)

The purpose of the SWOO is to identify mitigation strategies and capabilities that will meet the goals and objectives for the Burlington County Hazard Mitigation Plan. The results will be used to develop a catalog of potential mitigation actions for use by the County and all jurisdictions. The opportunities developed from this process will serve as the basis for our catalog of potential mitigation alternatives. The alternatives will address our risks, meet our planning goals, and fall within our capabilities. We need to look at the following for each hazard of concern:

- . Strengths what the County and communities do well; things upon which we can capitalize;
- Weaknesses what can be done better; what can be strengthened;
- Obstacles what stands in the way to implementation to prevent mitigation or response (for example regulatory, geographical, environmental, financial issues); and
- Opportunities actions or projects to mitigate issues or improve resilience.

Dam Failure
Strengths
W-d
Weaknesses
Obstacles
Opportunities

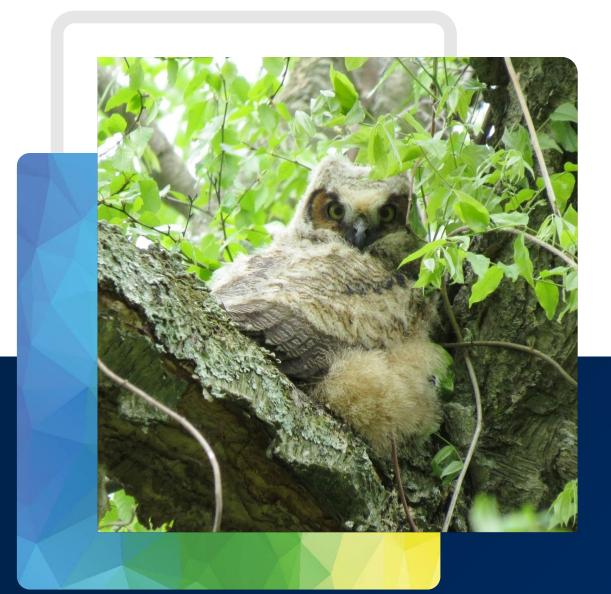
Use the results of this worksheet to assist with the development of your updated mitigation strategy.

Return this worksheet to Tetra Tech staff at the end of the Mitigation Strategy Workshop.

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Questions?



Next Steps



- Complete your risk assessment worksheet including hazard rankings and SWOO
- Take a break and we will reconvene shortly.



